
ACTIVITIES OF ACADEMIC SOCIETIES

Jan.–Dec., 2002

1. Constitutional Law and Administrative Law

I. *The Japan Association of Public Law* held its 67th General Meeting at Tohoku University on October 12 and 13, 2002. The following presentations were made under the unified theme of “Public Law Theory at the Turning Point of the Century.”

1. General Meeting

- (1) “Constitutional Theory at the Turning Point of the Century: Montesquieu or Rousseau?”
Masanari Sakamoto (Professor, Hiroshima University).
- (2) “The Reorganization of Modern Constitutional Theory and the Task of Constitutional Studies”
Miyoko Tujimura (Professor, Tohoku University).
- (3) “Retrospect and Prospect of Administrative Law Theory”
Yoshikazu Shibaike (Professor, Kyoto University).
- (4) “Theory and System of Administrative Law during a Period of Structural Change”
Ohashi Yoichi (Professor, Kyushu University).

2. First Session: “Constitutional Theory at the Turning Point of the Century”

- (1) “The Protection of Fundamental Rights and the Roll of Private Law”
Keizo Yamamoto (Professor, Kyoto University).
- (2) “Limits of the Doctrine of the Distinction between Public and Private?”
Michiko Nakayama
- (3) “Liberalism and Deliberative Democracy”
Shojiro Sakaguchi (Professor, Hitotsubashi University).
- (4) “One and Many in Constitutional Studies”
Kenji Ishikawa (Professor, Tokyo Metropolitan University).

3. Second Session: “Administrative Law Theory at the Turning Point of the Century”

- (1) “Opened Country under the Rule of Law: Rethinking the Basic Concept of Administrative Law”
Ryuji Yamamoto (Professor, University of Tokyo).
- (2) “Change in ‘Style of Administration’ and ‘Accountability’”
Takio Honda (Professor, Ryukoku University).
- (3) “Change in Task Allotment between the Public and the Private and Administrative Law Theory”
Itaru Watari (Professor, Hokkaido University).
- (4) “Phase of ‘Cooperation between the Public and the Private’ and its Implication for Administrative Law Theory”
Narufumi Kadomatsu (Associate Professor, Kyusyu University).
- (5) “The Change in the Doctrine of the Law Enforcement System and Administrative Law Theory”
Toshifumi Sowa (Professor, Kwansei Gakuin University).

II. *The Japan Association for Studies of Constitutional Law* held its Spring Meeting at Kanagawa University on May 11, 2002 and its Autumn Meeting at Tohoku Gakuin University on October 11, 2002, under the unified theme of “Constitutionalism in Japan — Actualities and Theories.” The following presentations were made.

1. Spring Meeting

- (1) “The Reform of Parliamentarism and the Electoral Regime after the ‘Political Reform’”
Masahito Tadano (Associate Professor, Hitotsubashi University).
- (2) “Constitutionalism and Democracy in the Final Report of the Judicial Reform Council”
Yutaka Kubota (Professor, Tokyo University of Agriculture & Technology).
- (3) “Trends and Issues in Educational Reform: Focusing on the Proposed Amendments to the Fundamental Law on Education”
Shigeto Aramaki (Professor, Yamanashi Gakuin University).
- (4) “The New Bill for the Protection of the Fundamental Rights among the Private Entities”
Go Koyama (Associate Professor, Keio University).

2. Autumn Meeting

- (1) “Constitutionalism in Postwar Constitutional Studies”
Koji Tonami (Professor, Waseda University).
- (2) “Constitutionalism, Citizenship and Public Sphere”
Koji Aikyo (Associate Professor, Shinshu University).
- (3) “Constitutionalism and the Doctrine of Exceptional Power of State”
Naoki Murata (Professor, Kansai University).
- (4) “Limits of Constitutional Amendment in Postwar Constitutional Studies of Japan”
Masahiro Akasaka (Professor, Kobe University).

2. Law of Property and Obligations

I. *Japan Association of Private Law* held its 66th General Meeting at Hitotsubashi University on October 13 and 14, 2002.