Ritsumeikan University on October 14, 2007.

Topics:

The Restructuring of a Safety Net in the Labor Law—Focusing on the Minimum Wage and Employment Insurance

Coordinators:

Susumu Noda (Professor, Kyushu University) , and Hiroya Nakakubo (Professor, Hitotsubashi University)

Reports:

- (1) Purpose and Structure of the Symposium Hiroya Nakakubo (Professor, Hitotsubashi University)
- (2) Reform of the Minimum Wage Law: Its Role as a Safety Net for Employment

Takeshi Yanagisawa (Associate Professor, Meijo University)

- (3) Employment Insurance as a Safety Net Kosuke Marutani (Associate Professor, Saga University)
- (4) The Policy Aims and Roles of the Employment Insurance Benefit Noboru Yamashita (Associate Professor, Kyushu University)
- (5) The Role of Hello Work in Supporting the Search for Work—the current status and the challenges in the recognition of unemployment and job matching

Satoshi Nakauchi (Associate Professor, Kumamoto University)

(6) A Workers' Safety Net and Employment in a Risk Society Masahiro Yano (Professor, Ryukyu University)

8. Legal History

The *Japan Legal History Association* (LHA) held its 59th General Meeting at Osaka City University on April 21 and 22, 2007.

1. The 59th General Meeting

First Day:

Individual Presentations

 On the Administrative Court in Modern Japan: the Amendments of the Administrative Court Act around the Late Taisho Era to the Early Showa Era

Hiroshi Ono (Graduate Student, Osaka University)

- (2) Establishing the Criminal Defense and the Law of Evidence: The Old Bailey in the 18th Century Masato Kurihara (Professor, Kagawa University)
- (3) Can we argue about "societe anonyme" in the period before 1807 by using the term "Aktiengesellschaft"?Albrecht Cordes (Professor, Universität Frankfurt am Main)
- (4) The City and the Channels of Distribution in the Muromachi Era Kyoto Chika Takatani (Associate Professor, Kyoto University)
- (5) Zouyan¹ System in the Han Dynasty Arnd Helmut Sueyasu/Hafner (Associate Professor, Research Institute for Languages and Cultures of Asia and Africa)
- (6) Reconsideration on "Kodifikation und Rechtswissenschaft" Masasuke Ishibe (Professor, Osaka International University)

Second Day:

Individual Presentations

(1) Is it true that the Constitution of Japan was forced on the country by GHQ?Transham Kanishi

Toyoharu Konishi

(2) The Succession of Equipment for Rituals of Ancestor Worship based on the *Tsung-Fa*² System and Changing Form of the Household in

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¹ Zouyan(奏讞): In the criminal trial, to ask for a higher court's ruling, when it is difficult for a lower court to make a judgment whether the accused is guilty or not.

 $^{^2}$ Tsung-Fa(宗法): The idea that the eldest male heir should inherit the proper-

and after the Li Dynasty of Korea Geung Sik Jung (Professor, Seoul National University)

- (3) On the Prevention of the Abuse of Legal Proceedings taken by the Kamakura-Bakufu Government Hiroshi Yamamoto (Postdoctoral Researcher, Kyushu University)
- (4) Official Notices in Edo-Era Osaka: Sodoshiyori³ and Soudai⁴ Takashi Tsukada (Professor, Osaka City University)
- (5) The Royal Jurisdiction and the Resolution of Regional Conflicts in Early 14th Century Germany Masaki Taguchi (Professor, Hokkaido University)

9. Sociology of Law

The Japanese Association for the Sociology of Law held its 2007 General Meeting at Niigata University on May 11, 12, and 13.

Symposium: Sociology of Law on Publicness

1. General Symposium: Sociology of Law on Publicness

- (1) "Sociology of Law on Publicness: Introductory Remarks" Iwao Sato (Professor, University of Tokyo).
- (2) "Legal Sociology on the Public: A Preliminary Study" Kiyoshi Hasegawa (Associate Professor, Tokyo Metropolitan University).
- (3) "The 'Public' From a 'Private' Perspective" Shiro Kashimura (Professor, Kobe University).
- (4) "An Essay on the Publicness of Care from a Gender Perspective" Kayo Minamino (Associate Professor, Kyoto Women's University).

ty for rituals of ancestor worship and organize the descendants through ancestral festivals.

³ Sodoshiyori(惣年寄): Officers who worked under the town magistrate (Machibugyo) of Osaka. They made official notices of the town magistrate known to the public.

⁴ Soudai (惣代): Assistants to the Sodoshiyori.